Application No.: 10/581,116 Docket No.: 117814-02101

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Previously Presented) Composite material with a specific density in the range of 0.8 g/cm³ to 1.2 g/cm³, comprising:

one or more grains of a non-metallic inorganic material with a specific surface area in the range of $10,000~\text{m}^2/\text{m}^3$ to $1,000,000~\text{m}^2/\text{m}^3$, having a porosity in the range of 10% to 80% wherein at least 50% of the pores have a pore size in the range of $0.1~\mu m$ to $1000~\mu m$, and wherein more than 50% of the grains have a grain size in the range of 0.1~mm to 50~mm; and

one or more plastics particles with a specific density in the range of 0.6 g/cm^3 to 1.2 g/cm^3 , and a specific surface area in the range of $50 \text{ m}^2/\text{m}^3$ to $1000 \text{ m}^2/\text{m}^3$, wherein more than 50% of the plastics particles have a particle size in the range of 0.01 mm to 100 mm.

- 2. (Previously Presented) The composite material according to claim 1, wherein the non-metallic inorganic material has a specific surface area in the range of $25,000 \text{ m}^2/\text{m}^3$ to $500,000 \text{ m}^2/\text{m}^3$.
- 3. (Previously Presented) The composite material according to claim 1, wherein the weight ratio of non-metallic inorganic material to plastics particles lies in the range of 15:85 to 85:15.
- 4. (Previously Presented) A method of carrying bacteria comprising:

 contacting the bacteria with the composite material according to claim 1, such that the composite material carries bacteria.
- 5. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 4, wherein bacteria is carried in plants for water treatment.
- 6. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 4, wherein the specific density of the composite material corresponds to the specific density of the <u>a</u> surrounding material.

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7. (Currently Amended) A method for manufacturing the composite material according to claim 1, comprising:

mixing the grains of non-metallic inorganic material with the plastics particles; filling the mixture into a mould; and melting the surface of the plastics particles.

8. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 7, <u>further comprising</u> adding an additional plastics powder having a grain size in the range of 0.2 mm to 1.5 mm, a specific density in the range of 0.6g/cm³ to 1.2g/cm³ and having a melting point not more than 10% above that of the plastics particles and not more than 30% below that of the plastics particles,

wherein the <u>additional plastics</u> powder is added before melting the surface of the plastics particles.

- 9. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 7, comprising pressing together the plastics particles having a melted surface with the grains of the non-metallic inorganic material either simultaneously with or following melting the surface of the plastics particles
- 10. (Currently Amended) A method for the biological treatment of water, comprising treating water with a composite material according to claim 1, wherein the composite material is a carries bacteria carrier material.
- 11. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 10, wherein the water is treated in a plant.
- 12. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 10, wherein the water is treated in a sewage treatment plant, a bioreactor or a fermentation reactor.
- 13. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 10, wherein the water is treated in a sewage treatment plant.
- 14. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 10, wherein the specific density of the composite material corresponds to the specific density of a surrounding material.